

# Psychotropic Medications and Related Terminology

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## KEY

### Primary Treatment Use

Chemical class

Chemical name (common trade name example)

### Anxiety

#### Benzodiazepines

Diazepam (Valium)  
Chlordiazepoxide (Librium)  
Alprazolam (Xanax, XR)  
Lorazepam (Ativan)  
Clonazepam (Klonopin)

#### Beta blockers

Propranolol (Inderal)

#### Other

Buspirone (BuSpar)  
Hydroxyzine (Vistaril, Atarax)

### Depression

#### Tricyclic antidepressants (TCA)

Imipramine (Tofranil)  
Desipramine (Norpramin)  
Amitriptyline (Elavil)  
Nortriptyline (Pamelor)  
Doxepin (Adapin, Sinequan)

#### Serotonin-specific reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs)

Fluvoxamine (Luvox)  
Fluoxetine (Prozac)  
Sertraline (Zoloft)  
Paroxetine (Paxil)  
Citalopram (Celexa)  
Escitalopram (Lexapro)

#### Monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors

Phenelzine (Nardil)  
Tranylcypromine (Parnate)  
Selegiline (EMSAM) transdermal patch

### Depression (continued)

#### Miscellaneous

Bupropion (Wellbutrin, SR and XL)  
Nefazodone (Serzone – brand name no longer manufactured)  
Venlafaxine (Effexor, XR)  
Mirtazapine (Remeron, also in solutab )  
Trazodone (Desyrel)  
Duloxetine (Cymbalta)  
Desvenlafaxine (Pristiq)

### Bipolar disorder

(Atypical antipsychotics approved – risperidone, and olanzapine)

Lithium (Eskalith, Lithobid, Lithium CR)  
Carbamazepine (Tegretol)  
Valproic acid (Depakene, Depakote DR and ER)  
Clonazepam (Klonopin )  
Lamictal (Lamotrigine)  
Gabapentin (Neurontin)  
Tiagabine (Gabitril)  
Topiramate (Topamax)  
Oxcarbazepine (Trileptal)

### Psychosis (Antipsychotics) (Typical)

Phenothiazines “1<sup>st</sup> generation”  
(block dopamine receptors)

Chlorpromazine (Thorazine)  
Perphenazine (Trilafon)  
Mesoridazine (Serentil)  
Thioridazine (Mellaril)  
Fluphenazine (Prolixin)  
Trifluoperazine (Stelazine)

Psychosis (continued)

Other “1<sup>st</sup> generation”

- Pimozide (Orap); also Tourette's
- Molindone (Moban)
- Thiothixene (Navane)
- Haloperidol (Haldol)

“2nd generation” Antipsychotics (Atypical)  
(block dopamine and serotonin receptors)

- Risperidone (Risperdal, M tab, Solution)
- Clozapine (Clozaril)
- Olanzapine (Zyprexa, Zydys)
- Quetiapine (Seroquel)
- Ziprasidone (Geodon)
- Aripiprazole (Abilify)
- Paliperidone (Invega)

Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder

(all the SSRIs are used here)

- Clomipramine (Anafranil)

Attention-Deficit Disorders

various

- d-Amphetamine (Dexedrine)
- Methylphenidate (Ritalin, Concerta)
- Pemoline (Cylert)
- Clonidine (Catapres)
- Guanfacine (Tenex)
- Wellbutrin (Bupropion)
- Desipramine (Norpramin)
- Adderall
- Imipramine (Tofranil)
- Atomoxetine (Strattera)
- Dexmethylphenidate (Focalin)
- Lisdexamfetamine (Vyvanse)

Alcoholism (ETOH)/Drug abuse

various

- Disulfiram (Antabuse)
- Naltrexone (Rivia)
- Methadone
- Acamprosate (Campral)
- Buprenorphine (Buprenex, Subutex)
- Buprenorphine and Naloxone (Suboxone)

Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)

(all the SSRIs are used here)

- Zolpidem (Ambien) for insomnia
- Eszopiclone (Lunesta) for insomnia

Extrapyramidal symptoms (EPS)

- Benztropine mesylate (Cogentin)
- Trihexyphenidyl (Artane)
- Amantadine (Symmetrel)
- Diphenhydramine (Benadryl)
- Propranolol (Inderal)
- Vitamin E

Other Medication Terminology

Physiology and side effects

- Cholinergic
- Anticholinergic
- Adrenergic
- Dopaminergic
- Extrapyramidal
- Autonomic
- Peripheral
- Somatic
- Ataxia
- Tachycardia
- Paresthesia
- Toxicity
- Libido
- Hypotension
- Hypertension
- Sedation/sedative
- Paradoxical
- Tardive dyskinesia
- Dystonic/dystonia
- Titrate

Miscellaneous

- Depressant (as in diminisher)
- Barbiturates
- Compliance
- Unipolar
- Hypomanic
- First line
- Second line
- Retardation (psychomotor)
- Therapeutic range
- Anti-Parkinsonian
- Agonist/antagonist